JOURNAL CLUB



PARKIN TARGETS HIF-1A FOR UBIQUITINATION AND DEGRADATION TO INHIBIT BREAST TUMOR PROGRESSION

Present by: Azar bakand

Supervisor: Dr.Alizadeh

Medical biotechnology department





ARTICLE

DOI: 10.1038/s41467-017-01947-w

OPEN

Parkin targets HIF-1 α for ubiquitination and degradation to inhibit breast tumor progression

Juan Liu¹, Cen Zhang¹, Yuhan Zhao¹, Xuetian Yue¹, Hao Wu¹, Shan Huang^{1,2}, James Chen¹, Kyle Tomsky¹, Haiyang Xie³, Christen A. Khella¹, Michael L. Gatza¹, Dajing Xia⁴, Jimin Gao², Eileen White¹, Bruce G. Haffty¹, Wenwei Hu^{1,5} & Zhaohui Feng^{1,5}

Mutations in E3 ubiquitin ligase Parkin have been linked to familial Parkinson's disease. Accumulating evidence suggests that Parkin is a tumor suppressor, but the underlying mechanism is poorly understood. Here we show that Parkin is an E3 ubiquitin ligase for hypoxia-inducible factor 1α (HIF- 1α). Parkin interacts with HIF- 1α and promotes HIF- 1α degradation through ubiquitination, which in turn inhibits metastasis of breast cancer cells. Parkin downregulation in breast cancer cells promotes metastasis, which can be inhibited by targeting HIF- 1α with RNA interference or the small-molecule inhibitor YC-1. We further identify lysine 477 (K477) of HIF- 1α as a major ubiquitination site for Parkin. K477R HIF- 1α mutation and specific cancer-associated Parkin mutations largely abolish the functions of Parkin to ubiquitinate HIF- 1α and inhibit cancer metastasis. Importantly, Parkin expression is inversely correlated with HIF- 1α expression and metastasis in breast cancer. Our results reveal an important mechanism for Parkin in tumor suppression and HIF- 1α regulation.

Journal of Nature communication Impact factor:12.121
Published in 2017 Nov 28
Corresponding authors:
Juan Liu ,Cen Zhang ,Yuhan
Zhao

Department: Rutgers Cancer Institute of New Jersey



RESONE

- Parkin protein is one of the most important proteins involved in in vivo metabolism.
- One of the important functions of this protein is to suppress tumors.
- ➤ Breast cancer is one of the most common cancers among women. According to the World Health Organization, in 2020, about 2.3 million people were diagnosed with this cancer and 685,000 people died worldwide.
- The treatment of this cancer is one of the main concerns for scientists. In this article, the effect of Parkin on preventing the progression of cancer, as well as the path it takes, has been studied.



INTRODUCTION

- The familial form of Parkinson's disease is caused by a mutation in the parkin protein
- Parkin acts as a E3 ubiquitin ligase
- evidence suggests that Parkin is a tumor suppressor
- Loss of heterozygosity and copy number loss of Parkin have been observed in human cancers, including breast cancer
- Parkin was also reported to interact with Cdc20/ Cdh1 to mediate ubiquitination and degradation of key mitotic regulators to maintain genomic stability



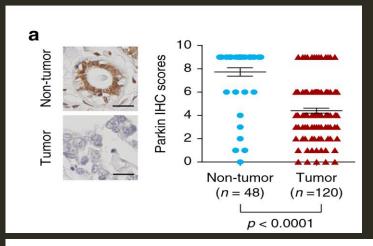
HIF-1

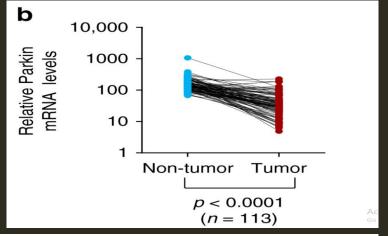
- \triangleright HIF-1 is a heterodimeric transcription factor composed of an α and β subunit.
- ➤ HIF-1 binds to the hypoxia response element (HRE) to regulate gene expression

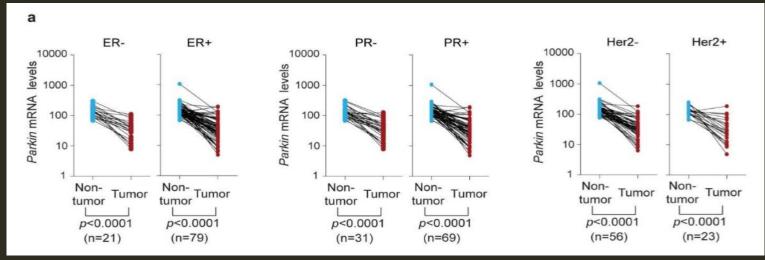
- \triangleright HIF-1 α is also regulated by VHL-independent mechanisms in cells.
- \triangleright A recent study listed HIF-1 α as a potential ubiquitination substrate of Parkin



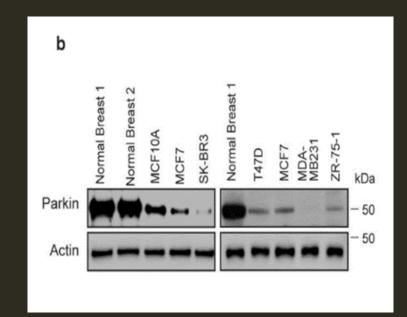
HIF-1A IS A PARKIN-INTERACTING PROTEIN

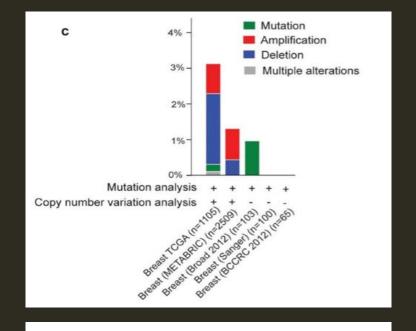


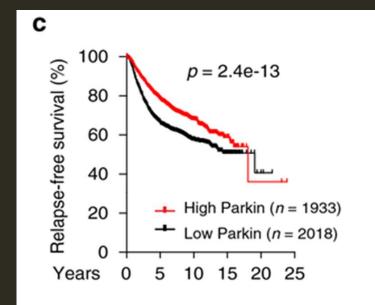






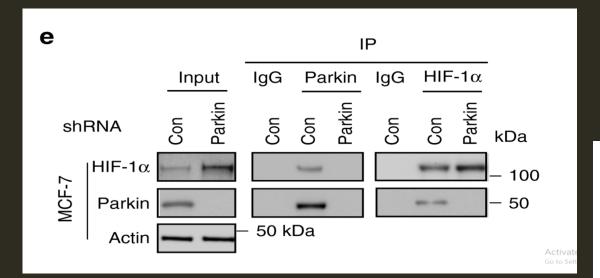


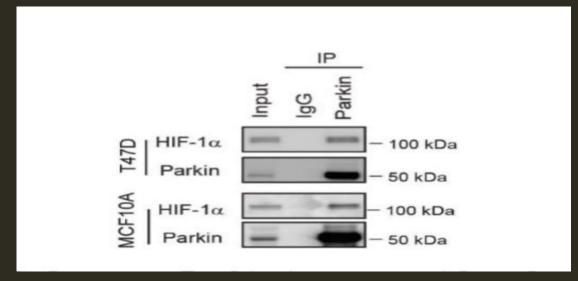


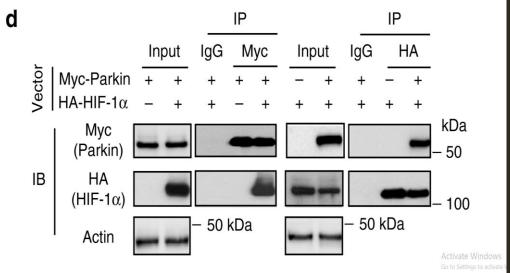


Potential interacting	Number of peptides		
proteins for Parkin	Control	Parkin	
Laminin	0	17	
HSP70	0	15	
Rpn10	0	5	
UBL4A	0	5	
HIF-1α	0	4	
OSGIN1	0	4	
TOMM40	0	4	
ABCE1	0	4	
14-3-3	0	3	
ATAD1	0	2	
Tubulin	0	2	

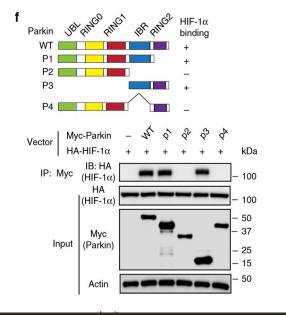


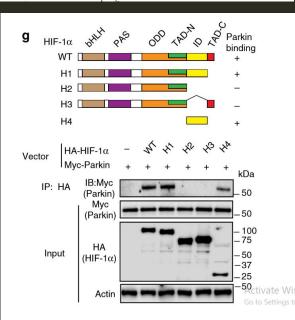


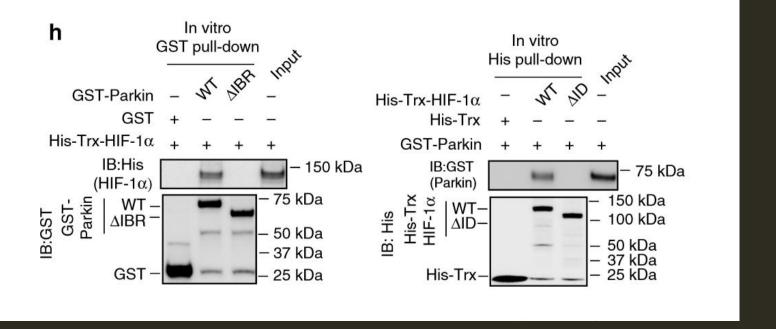








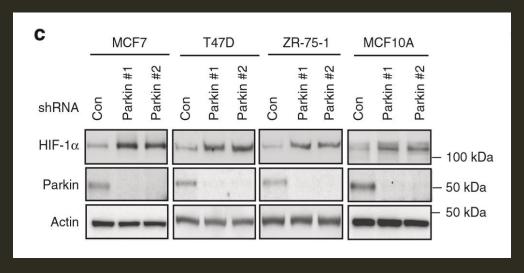


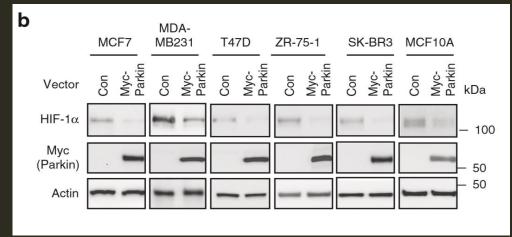


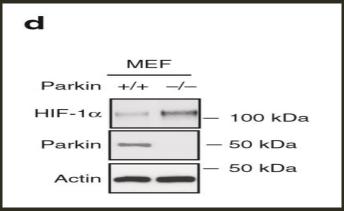


PARKIN DOWNREGULATES HIF-1A PROTEIN LEVELS IN CELLS

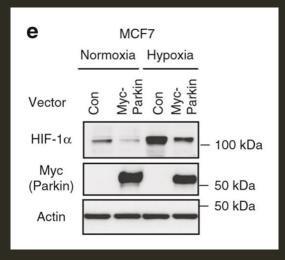


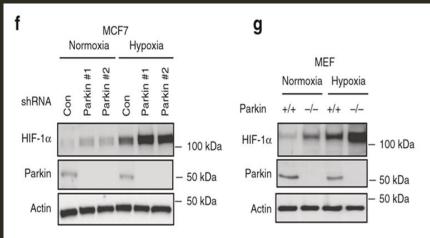


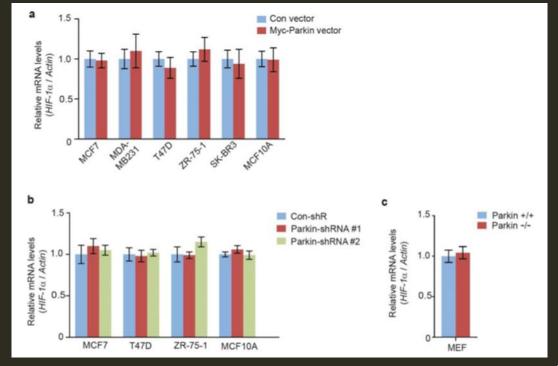




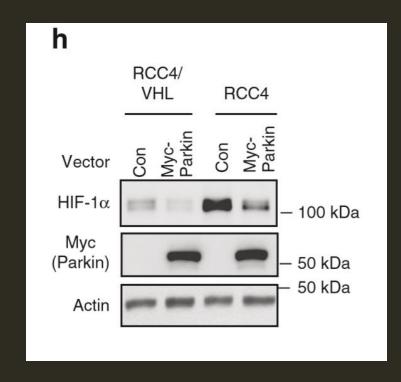


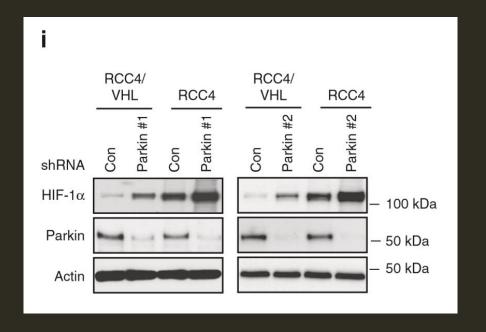


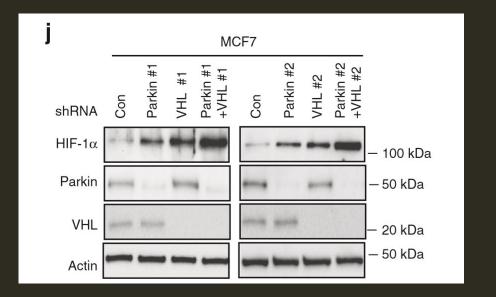






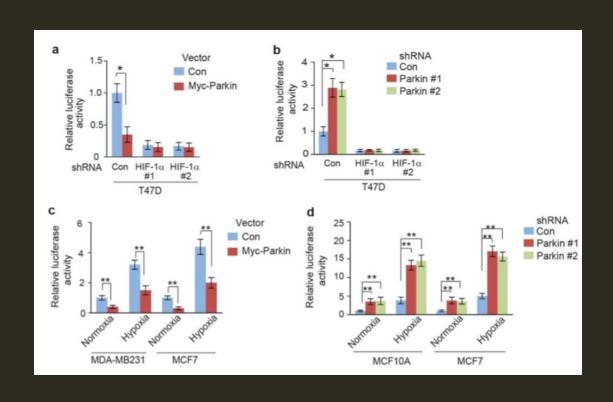


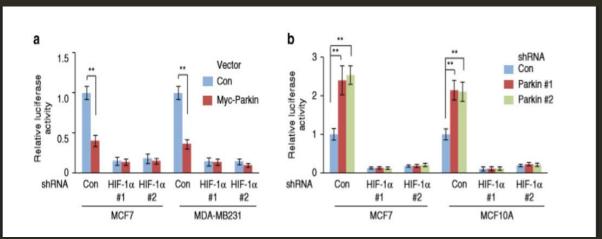




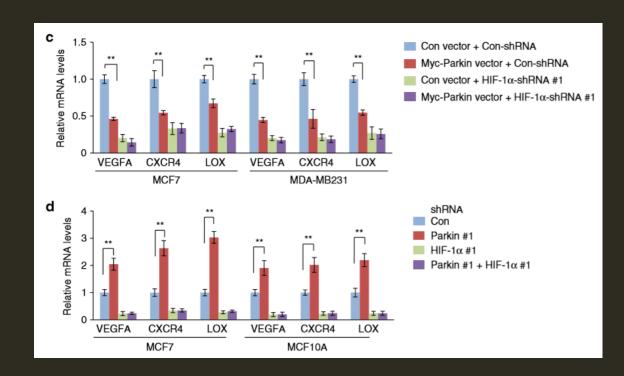


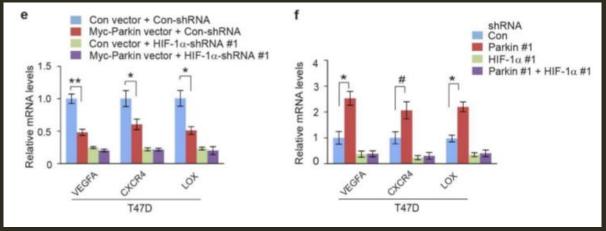
PARKIN NEGATIVELY REGULATES HIF-1-ATRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVITY





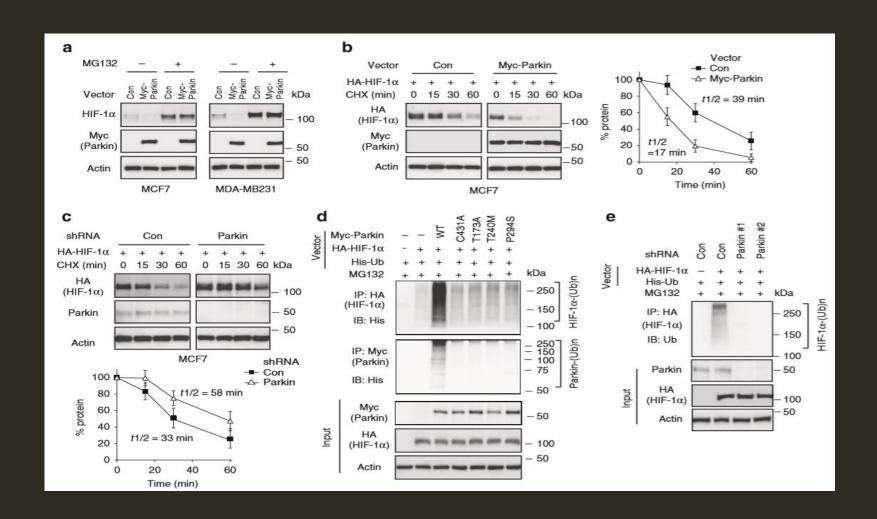




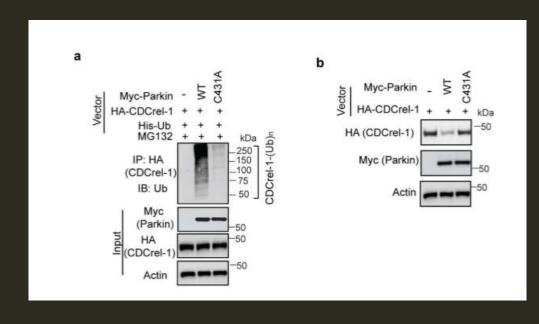


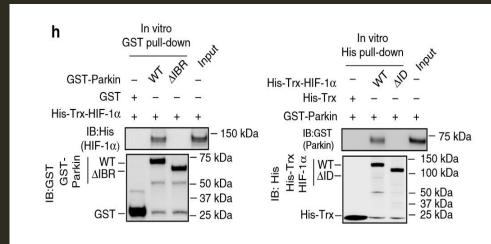


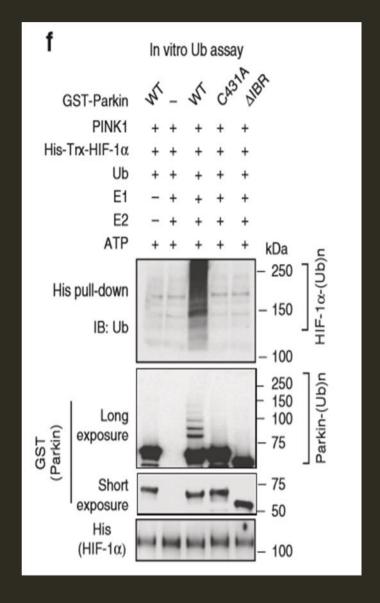
PARKIN PROMOTES UBIQUITINATION AND DEGRADATION OF HIF-1A



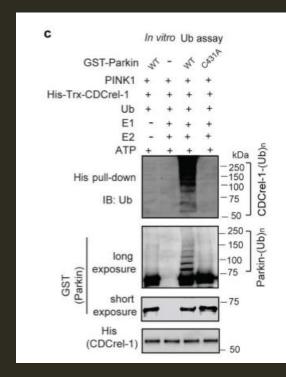


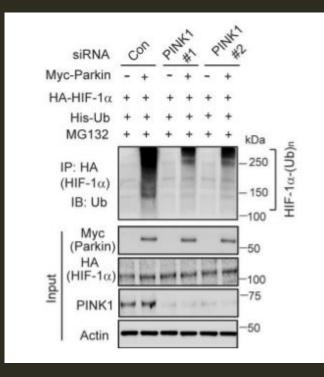


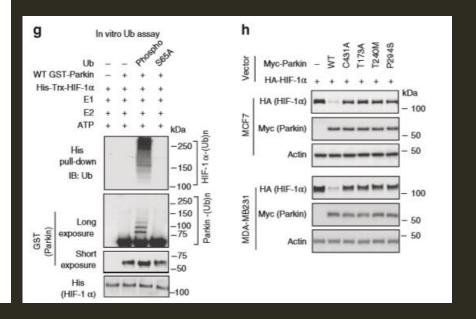








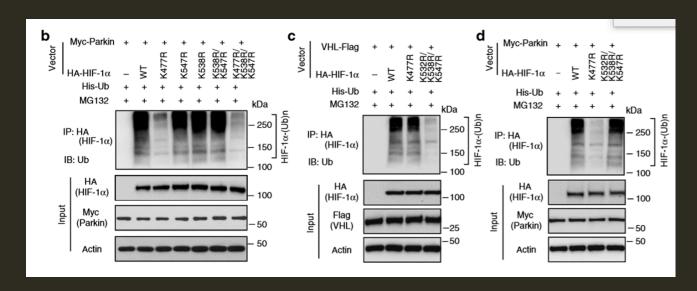




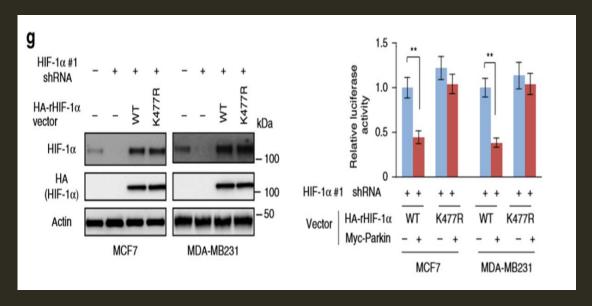


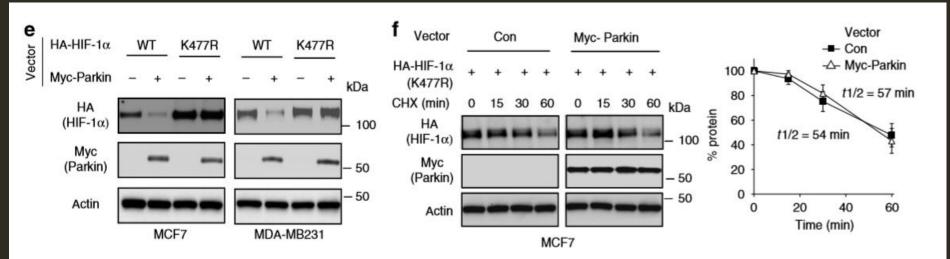
UBIQUITINATION OF HIF-1A AT LYSINE 477 BY PARKIN.

Site	Site Peptide	Number of peptides		-1α	
K477	SSADPALNQEVALK*LEPNPESLELSFTMPQIQDQTPSPSDGSTR	18	BHIL	PAS	ODD JA
K547	LFAEDTEAK*NPFSTQDTDLDLEMLAPYIPMDDDFQLR	5	4,	64.	٥٠ ٨٢
K538	EK*LFAEDTEAKNPFSTQDTDLDLEMLAPYIPMDDDFQLR	3			
K32	K*ESEVFYELAHQLPLPHNVSSHLDK	2			(K477) (K547
K297	K*GQVTTGQYR	2			(K538)
K56	K*ASVMRLTISYLR	1			(1538)
K214	K*PPMTCLVLICEPIPHPSNIEIPLDSK	1			
K289	K*THHDMFTK	1			



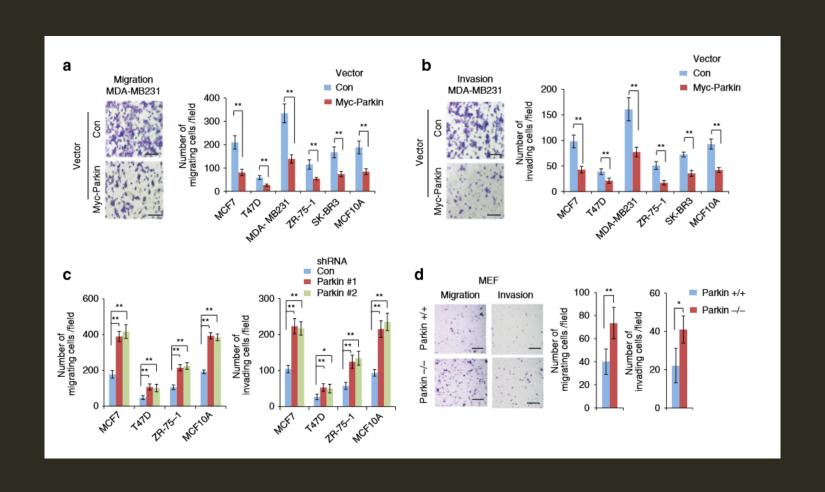




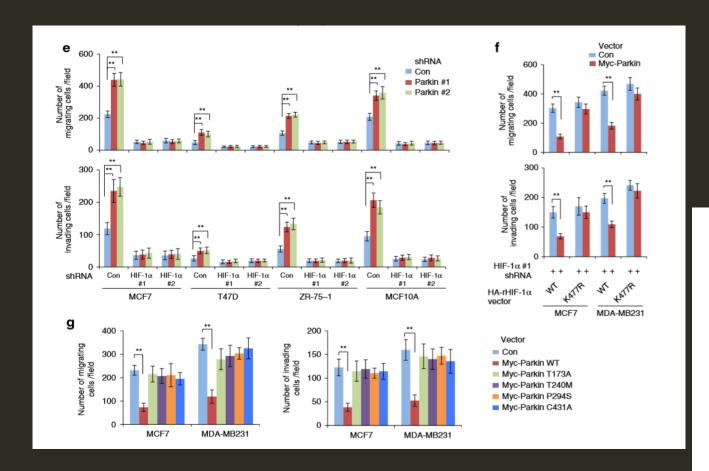


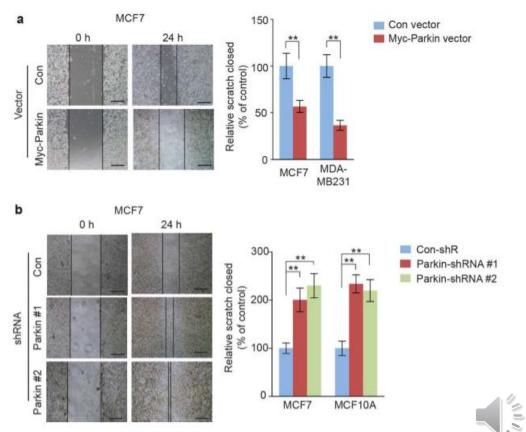


PARKIN INHIBITS CELL MIGRATION AND INVASION THROUGH HIF-1A

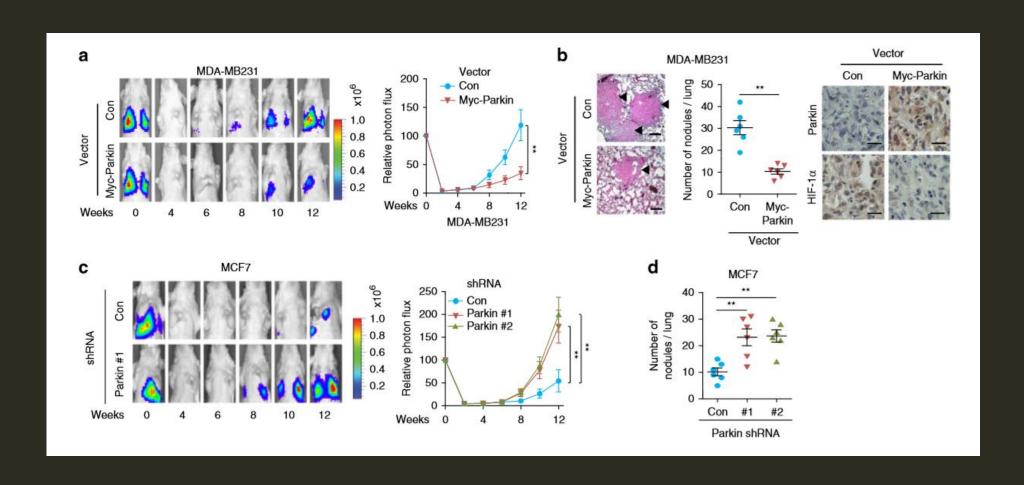




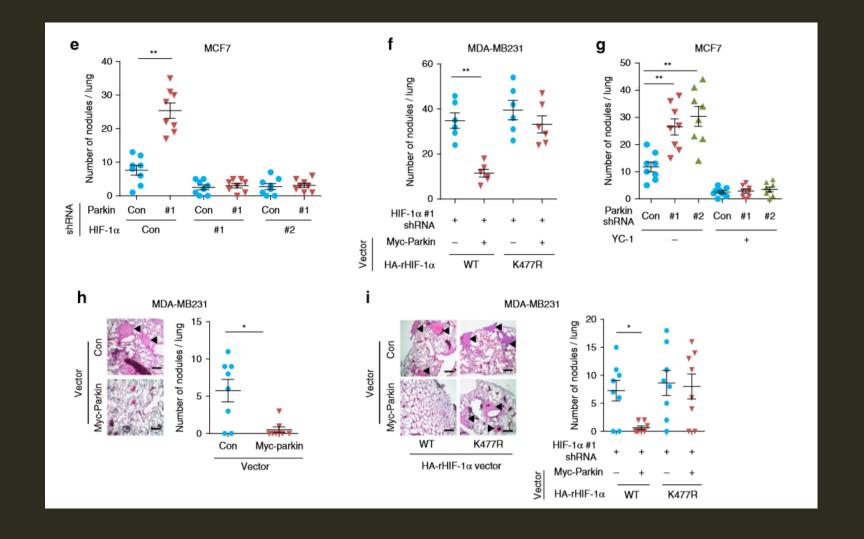




PARKIN INHIBITS CANCER METASTASIS THROUGH HIF-1A REGULATION.

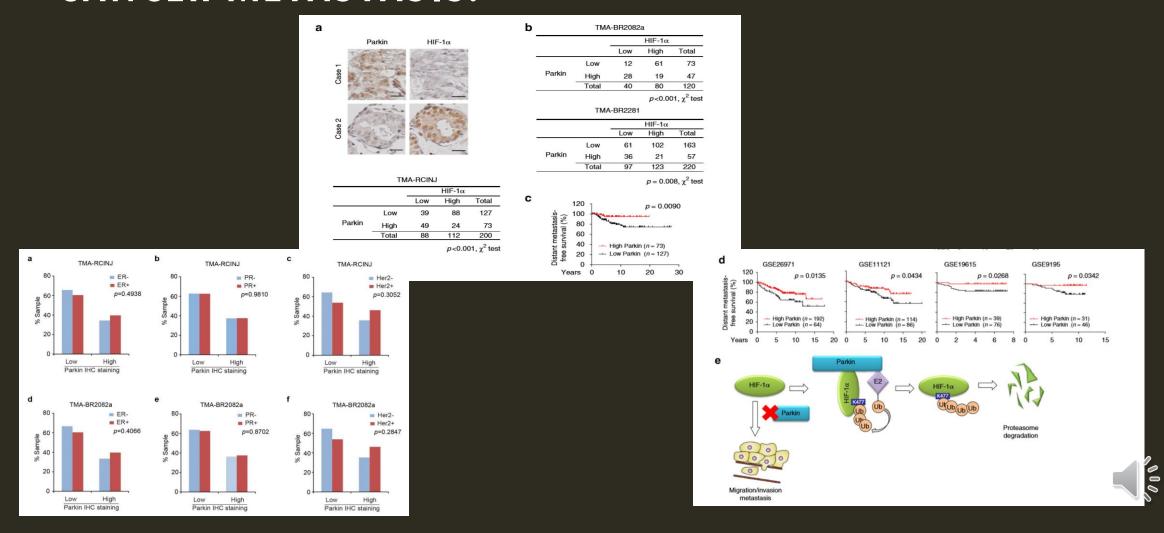








PARKIN EXPRESSION CORRELATES WITH BREAST CANCER METASTASIS.



Thank you for attention